BEFORE THE
SNOHOMISH COUNTY HEARING EXAMINER

DECISION of the DEPUTY HEARING EXAMINER

In the Matter of the Application of

CAJUN EXCAVATING  (Keith Pagnac)

Preliminary plat for a 19-lot subdivision with a concurrent rezone from R-9,600 to R-7,200

FILE NO.  05 127829 SD

DATE OF DECISION: October 23, 2007

PLAT/PROJECT NAME:  Crown Royal Estates

DECISION (SUMMARY): The proposed 19-lot subdivision and concurrent rezone from R-9,600 to R-7,200 are both CONDITIONALLY APPROVED.

BASIC INFORMATION

GENERAL LOCATION: This project is located at 4216 180th Street SE, Bothell, Washington.

ACREAGE: 4.10 acres

NUMBER OF LOTS: 19

AVERAGE LOT SIZE: 4,464 square feet

MINIMUM LOT SIZE: 3,510 square feet

DENSITY: 4.63 du/ac (gross) 5.62 du/ac (net)

ZONING: CURRENT: R-9,600
PROPOSED: R-7,200

UTILITIES: Water/Sewer: Silver Lake Water District
INTRODUCTION

The applicant filed a Revised Master Application on April 6, 2007. (Exhibit 2)

The Department of Planning and Development Services (PDS) gave proper public notice of the open record hearing as required by the county code. (Exhibits 18, 19 and 20)

A revised SEPA determination was made on August 10, 2007. (Exhibit 17) No appeal was filed.

The Examiner held an open record hearing on October 3, 2007, the 119th day of the 120-day decision making period. Witnesses were sworn, testimony was presented, and exhibits were entered at the hearing.

PUBLIC HEARING

The public hearing commenced on October 3, 2007 at 2:04 p.m.

1. The Examiner stated that he had read the PDS staff report, reviewed the file and viewed the area.

2. The applicant, Cajun Excavating, was represented by Emily Fuller of Insight Engineering. Snohomish County was represented by Ed Caine of the Department of Planning and Development Services.

3. No member of the general public commented on this matter. (One citizen asked to be listed as a party, Exhibit 21.)

The hearing concluded at 2:09 p.m.

NOTE: For a complete record, an electronic recording of this hearing is available in the Office of the Hearing Examiner.

FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND DECISION

FINDINGS OF FACT

Based on all the evidence of record, the following findings of fact are entered.

1. The master list of exhibits and witnesses which is a part of this file and which exhibits were considered by the Examiner, is hereby made a part of this file as if set forth in full herein.
2. The PDS staff report has correctly analyzed the nature of the application, the issues of concern, the application’s consistency with adopted codes and policies and land use regulations, and the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA). That staff report is hereby adopted by the Examiner as if set forth in full herein.

3. The request is for a rezone of 4.10 acres from R-9,600 to R-7,200 in order to construct a 19-lot subdivision at 4216 180th Street SE, Bothell. One single-family residence is now on-site. Forested, critical slopes lie on the south and southwest portions of the subject site, of which .26 acre exceed 33% slope. Water and sewer will be provided by the Silver Lake Water District. Average weekday vehicle trips for the 18 new units are 172 average weekday trips, of which 14 are a.m. peak-hour trips and 18 are p.m. peak-hour trips.

4. The only critical areas on or near the subject site are the above-mentioned steep slopes. Those slopes are designated Native Growth Protection Areas. PDS recommends that the Critical Areas Study and Mitigation Plan in the record be accepted as appropriately protecting those slopes. The Examiner concurs.

5. The project would comply with park mitigation requirements under Chapter 30.66A SCC by the payment of $1,244.49 for each new single-family home.

6. The DPW reviewed the request with regard to traffic mitigation and road design standards. That review covered Title 13 SCC and Chapter 30.66B SCC as to road system capacity, concurrency, inadequate road conditions, frontage improvements, access and circulation, and dedication/deeding of right-of-way, state highway impacts, impacts on other streets and roads, and Transportation Demand Management. As a result of this review, the DPW has determined that the development is concurrent and has no objection to the requests subject to various conditions. The proposal’s traffic will impact an Inadequate Road Condition (IRC) at the intersection of York Road and Jewell Road such that only 11 of the 18 new units can obtain certificates of occupancy prior to correction of that inadequacy. The Examiner notes that the recommended language of a related condition upon approval (No. C.v.) could be read to bar all 18 new units from occupancy until the IRC is corrected. The Examiner leaves that determination to DPW.

7. School mitigation requirements under Chapter 30.66C SCC have been reviewed and set forth in the conditions. The Northshore School District reports (Exhibit 29) that children of all grades will be served by a school bus from a location on 180th Street SE at the entrance to the new plat road. Thus, it is found as fact that adequate provision is made for students walking to school.

8. The PDS Engineering Division has reviewed the concept of the proposed grading and drainage and recommends approval of the project subject to conditions, which would be imposed during full detailed drainage plan review pursuant to Chapter 30.63A SCC.

9. The Snohomish County Health District has no objection to this proposal because public water and sewer will be available for this development through the Silver Lake Water District.

10. The property is designated Urban Low Density Residential (ULDR 4-6 du/ac) on the General Policy Plan (GPP) Future Land Use Map (FLUM) and is located within an Urban Growth Area (UGA). Land in this category may be developed at a density of 4-6 du/ac and one of the implementing zones is the R-7,200 zone which is the zoning requested here.

11. The proposed use (single-family detached development) is essentially compatible with existing single-family detached developments on larger lots. Because the property is within a UGA, where policies promote urban densities of development, a comparison with the present lower density character of much
of the area is inappropriate since the present density of development in much of the surrounding area is inconsistent with both the adopted comprehensive plans and the present zoning.

12. In summary, no evidence in the record indicates that the proposed subdivision or rezone would result in any threat to the public health, safety and welfare.

13. Any finding of fact in this decision which should be deemed a conclusion is hereby adopted as such.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Based on the findings of fact entered above, the following conclusions of law are entered.

1. The Examiner having fully reviewed the PDS staff report, hereby adopts said staff report as properly setting forth the issues, the land use requests, consistency with the existing regulations, policies, principles, conditions and their relationship to the request. It is therefore hereby adopted by the Examiner as a conclusion as if set forth in full herein, in order to avoid needless repetition. There are no changes to the recommendations of the staff report.

2. The Department of Public Works recommends that the request be approved as to traffic use subject to conditions specified below herein.

3. The request is for a rezone and, therefore, must be consistent with the GMACP; GMA based county codes. In this regard, the request is consistent with those plans and codes. The type and character of land use permitted on the project site is consistent with the General Policy Plan (GPP) ULDR designation of the property and meets the required regulatory codes as to density, design and development standards.

4. The Hearing Examiner’s decision on a rezone application is a Type 2 decision based on (1) a report by the County staff and a file assembled by that staff and (2) evidence received through an open record public hearing. The burden of proof is on the applicant to demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the proposed rezone meets the two applicable rezone decisional criteria set out at SCC 30.42A.100: (1) that the proposed rezone is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and (2) that the proposed rezone bears a substantial relationship to the public health, safety and welfare. The Hearing Examiner’s decision on those criteria is the final County action unless appealed to the County Council. (SCC 30.72.020 -.025)

5. The request is for a site-specific rezone and, therefore, must be consistent with the GMA Comprehensive Plan and Snohomish County Code regulatory provisions which implement that plan. The request for R-7,200 zoning here is consistent with the type and character of land use permitted on the project site by the General Policy Plan (GPP) ULDR designation of the property. However, in addition to being consistent with the map designation, the proposal must also be consistent with relevant Plan policies such as (but not limited to) Land Use Policy 1.A.4 concerning infrastructure capacity, Land Use Policy 2.A.3 concerning critical areas, and Housing Policy 2.A.1 concerning preservation of the character of stable residential neighborhoods. (See County Council Motion No. 07-447.) In fact, the General Policy Plan provides at page LU-15 that the County will broaden the variety of housing types in traditional single-family and multi-family neighborhoods:

“...while respecting the vitality and character of established residential neighborhoods A mix of housing types with a range of densities will be encouraged throughout UGA’s, as long as they are carefully sited, well designed, and sensitively integrated into existing communities.” (Emphasis supplied.)
6. As noted above, the instant proposal’s consistency with the Comprehensive Plan is only one of the two applicable criteria set out at SCC 30.42A.100 which must be met before a rezone can be approved. A rezone must also comply with the second criterion: i.e., the rezone must bear a substantial relationship to the public health, safety and welfare. The bold-quoted language above is an expression of the second of the two rezone criteria. Stated in the converse, the quoted language provides that until it is determined that a proposed rezone’s housing types are carefully sited, well designed, and sensitively integrated into an existing community, the proposed rezone cannot be found to bear a substantial relationship to the public health, safety and welfare. That burden of proof which must support that determination cannot be met without actual consideration of site-specific facts. A conclusory statement that a proposed rezone meets the criteria is no more acceptable than would be a conclusory statement that the proposed rezone fails to meet the criteria. The departmental staff and, in turn, the Hearing Examiner, must “show your work” and rationale in concluding whether or not a proposed rezone meets or does not meet the applicable criteria.

7. The requirement to actually consider the applicable criteria, particularly when relevant citizen concerns are expressed, is mandated by the County Council’s Amended Ordinance No. 07-022 effective June 4, 2007, which at page 2 repeats the above-quoted Comprehensive Plan provision encouraging a mix of housing types with a range of densities only if “carefully sited, well designed, and sensitively integrated into existing communities...” The County Council reinforced that requirement to “show your work” in its Motion No. 07-447 of August 8, 2007 remanding a rezone application on appeal (Brookstone Investments, LLC, 06-135148) for failure to have adequately evaluated all project-level factors concerning the two criteria discussed above herein.

8. The request complies with the Snohomish County Subdivision Code, Chapter 30.41A SCC (Title 19 SCC) as well as the State Subdivision Code, RCW 58.17. The proposed subdivision complies with the established criteria therein and makes the appropriate provisions for public, health, safety and general welfare, for open spaces, drainage ways, streets or roads, alleys, other public ways, transit stops, potable water supplies, sanitary wastes, parks and recreation, playgrounds, schools and school grounds, and other planning features including safe walking conditions for students.

9. There is no evidence in this record showing that the proposed subdivision or rezone would pose any threat to the public health, safety or welfare. Both applications should be conditionally approved.

10. Any conclusion in this decision which should be deemed a finding of fact is hereby adopted as such.

DECISION

Based on the findings of fact and conclusions of law entered above, the decision of the Hearing Examiner on the application is as follows:

The requests for a preliminary plat for a 19-lot subdivision and concurrent rezone from Residential-9,600 to Residential-7,200 are hereby CONDITIONALLY APPROVED, subject to the following conditions:

CONDITIONS:

A. The rezone and preliminary plat received by PDS on July 18, 2007 (Exhibit 15) shall be the approved plat configuration. Changes to the approved plat are governed by SCC 30.41A.330.
B. Prior to initiation of any further site work; and/or prior to issuance of any development/construction
permits by the county:

i. All site development work shall comply with the requirements of the plans and permits approved
pursuant to Condition A, above.

ii. The plattor shall mark with temporary markers in the field the boundary of all Native Growth
Protection Areas (NGPA) required by Chapter 30.62 SCC, or the limits of the proposed site
disturbance outside of the NGPA, using methods and materials acceptable to the county.

iii. A full drainage plan shall be submitted for review and approval prior.

C. The following additional restrictions and/or items shall be indicated on the face of the final plat:

i. “The lots within this subdivision will be subject to school impact mitigation fees for the
Northshore School District No. 417 to be determined by the certified amount within the Base Fee
Schedule in effect at the time of building permit application, and to be collected prior to building
permit issuance, in accordance with the provisions of SCC 30.66C.010. Credit shall be given for
1 existing parcel. Lot 1 shall receive credit.”

ii. SCC Title 30.66B requires the new lot mitigation payments in the amounts shown below for each
single-family residence building permit:

$2,085.25 per lot for mitigation of impacts on county roads paid to the County,
$71.63 per lot for transportation demand management paid to the county for TSA E.
$209.68 per lot for mitigation of impacts on Mill Creek roads paid to the City,

These payments are due prior to or at the time of each building permit issuance. Notice of these
mitigation payments shall be contained in any deeds involving this subdivision, short subdivision
of the lots therein or binding site plan. Once building permits have been issued all mitigation
payments shall be deemed paid by PDS.

iii. No lot shall have direct access to 180th Street SE.

iv. The final plat shall show a 10-foot right-of-way dedication along the property frontage with 180th
Street SE to total 40 feet from the right-of-way centerline.

v. In accordance with SCC 30.66B.220, construction of the necessary improvements to remove the
IRC at the intersection of York Road and Jewell Road in accordance with DPW shall have been
completed or under contract prior to the issuance of building permits, and must be complete prior
to approval for occupancy or final inspection.

vi. All Critical Areas shall be designated Native Growth Protection Areas (NGPA) (unless other
agreements have been made) with the following language on the face of the plat;

"All NATIVE GROWTH PROTECTION AREAS shall be left permanently undisturbed in a
substantially natural state. No clearing, grading, filling, building construction or placement, or
road construction of any kind shall occur, except removal of hazardous trees. The activities as set
forth in SCC 30.91N.010 are allowed when approved by the County.”
vii. The developer shall pay the County $1,244.49 (Nakeeta Beach, # 307) per new dwelling unit as mitigation for parks and recreation impacts in accordance with Chapter 30.66A SCC; provided, however, the developer may elect to postpone payment of the mitigation requirement until issuance of a building permit for that lot. The election to postpone payment shall be noted by a covenant placed on the face of the recorded plat and included in the deed for each affected lot within the subdivision.

D. Prior to recording of the final plat:

i. Urban standard frontage improvements shall be constructed along the property frontage with 180th Street SE unless bonding of improvements is allowed by PDS, in which case construction is required prior to any occupancy of the development. [SCC 30.66B.410]

ii. Native Growth Protection Area boundaries (NGPA) shall have been permanently marked on the site prior to final inspection by the county, with both NGPA signs and adjacent markers which can be magnetically located (e.g.: rebar, pipe, 20 penny nails, etc.). The plattor may use other permanent methods and materials provided they are first approved by the county. Where an NGPA boundary crosses another boundary (e.g.: lot, tract, plat, road, etc.), a rebar marker with surveyors’ cap and license number must be placed at the line crossing.

NGPA signs shall have been placed no greater than 100 feet apart around the perimeter of the NGPA. Minimum placement shall include one Type 1 sign per wetland, and at least one Type 1 sign shall be placed in any lot that borders the NGPA, unless otherwise approved by the county biologist. The design and proposed locations for the NGPA signs shall be submitted to the Land Use Division for review and approval prior to installation.

E. All development activity shall conform to the requirements of Chapter 30.63A SCC.

Nothing in this permit/approval excuses the applicant, owner, lessee, agent, successor or assigns from compliance with any other federal, state or local statutes, ordinances or regulations applicable to this project.

Preliminary plats which are approved by the county are valid for five (5) years from the date of approval and must be recorded within that time period unless an extension has been properly requested and granted pursuant to SCC 30.41A.300.

Decision issued this 23rd day of October, 2007.

Ed Good, Deputy Hearing Examiner

EXPLANATION OF RECONSIDERATION AND APPEAL PROCEDURES

The decision of the Hearing Examiner is final and conclusive with right of appeal to the County Council. However, reconsideration by the Examiner may also be sought by one or more parties of record. The following
Reconsideration

Any party of record may request reconsideration by the Examiner. A petition for reconsideration must be filed in writing with the Office of the Hearing Examiner, 2nd Floor, County Administration-East Building, 3000 Rockefeller Avenue, Everett, Washington, (Mailing Address: M/S #405, 3000 Rockefeller Avenue, Everett WA 98201) on or before NOVEMBER 2, 2007. There is no fee for filing a petition for reconsideration. “The petitioner for reconsideration shall mail or otherwise provide a copy of the petition for reconsideration to all parties of record on the date of filing.” [SCC 30.72.065]

A petition for reconsideration does not have to be in a special form but must: contain the name, mailing address and daytime telephone number of the petitioner, together with the signature of the petitioner’s attorney, if any; identify the specific findings, conclusions, actions and/or conditions for which reconsideration is requested; state the relief requested; and, where applicable, identify the specific nature of any newly discovered evidence and/or changes proposed by the applicant.

The grounds for seeking reconsideration are limited to the following:

(a) The Hearing Examiner exceeded the Hearing Examiner’s jurisdiction;
(b) The Hearing Examiner failed to follow the applicable procedure in reaching the Hearing Examiner’s decision;
(c) The Hearing Examiner committed an error of law;
(d) The Hearing Examiner’s findings, conclusions and/or conditions are not supported by the record;
(e) New evidence which could not reasonably have been produced and which is material to the decision is discovered; or
(f) The applicant proposed changes to the application in response to deficiencies identified in the decision.

Petitions for reconsideration will be processed and considered by the Hearing Examiner pursuant to the provisions of SCC 30.72.065. Please include the County file number in any correspondence regarding this case.

Appeal

An appeal to the County Council may be filed by any aggrieved party of record. Where the reconsideration process of SCC 30.72.065 has been invoked, no appeal may be filed until the reconsideration petition has been disposed of by the hearing examiner. An aggrieved party need not file a petition for reconsideration but may file an appeal directly to the County Council. If a petition for reconsideration is filed, issues subsequently raised by that party on appeal to the County Council shall be limited to those issues raised in the petition for reconsideration. Appeals shall be addressed to the Snohomish County Council but shall be filed in writing with the Department of Planning and Development Services, 2nd Floor, County Administration-East Building, 3000 Rockefeller Avenue, Everett, Washington (Mailing address: M/S #604, 3000 Rockefeller Avenue, Everett, WA 98201) on or before NOVEMBER 6, 2007 and shall be accompanied by a filing fee in the amount of five hundred dollars ($500.00); PROVIDED, that the filing fee shall not be charged to a department of the County or to other than the first appellant; and PROVIDED FURTHER, that the filing fee shall be refunded in any case...
where an appeal is dismissed without hearing because of untimely filing, lack of standing, lack of jurisdiction or other procedural defect. [SCC 30.72.070]

An appeal must contain the following items in order to be complete: a detailed statement of the grounds for appeal; a detailed statement of the facts upon which the appeal is based, including citations to specific Hearing Examiner findings, conclusions, exhibits or oral testimony; written arguments in support of the appeal; the name, mailing address and daytime telephone number of each appellant, together with the signature of at least one of the appellants or of the attorney for the appellant(s), if any; the name, mailing address, daytime telephone number and signature of the appellant’s agent or representative, if any; and the required filing fee.

The grounds for filing an appeal shall be limited to the following:

(a) The decision exceeded the Hearing Examiner’s jurisdiction;
(b) The Hearing Examiner failed to follow the applicable procedure in reaching his decision;
(c) The Hearing Examiner committed an error of law; or
(d) The Hearing Examiner’s findings, conclusions and/or conditions are not supported by substantial evidence in the record. [SCC 30.72.080]

Appeals will be processed and considered by the County Council pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 30.72 SCC. Please include the County file number in any correspondence regarding the case.

Staff Distribution:
Department of Planning and Development Services: Ed Caine

The following statement is provided pursuant to RCW 36.70B.130: “Affected property owners may request a change in valuation for property tax purposes notwithstanding any program of revaluation.” A copy of this Decision is being provided to the Snohomish County Assessor as required by RCW 36.70B.130.